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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: QUICK ACTIV GLASS UFI: X22S-9R5R-S50A-9TV6 Code: 5002-001108

1.2 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST:

<u>Intended uses (main technical functions):</u> [X] Industrial [X] Professional [_] Consumers

Activator.

Sectors of use:

Industrial manufacturing (SU3).

Professional uses (SU22).

Uses advised against:

This product is not recommended for any use or sector of use (industrial, professional or consumer) other than those previously listed as 'Intended or identified uses'. This product is for the professional painting of vehicles only after reference to the manufacturer's data sheet.

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use, according to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Not restricted.

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET:

CAR REPAIR SYSTEM S.A.

Pol. Ind. 2 de Octubre. C/ Jose Muñoz, 6 - E-18320 - Santa Fe - Granada (Espa±a)

Phone: +34 95 8431792

E-mail address of the person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet:

info@carrepairsystem.eu

1.4 <u>EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:</u> +34 95 8431792 (L-J 8:30-14 / 15-18 h. V 8:30-14:30 h.) (working hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Classification of mixtures is carried out in accordance with the following principles: a) when data (tests) for the classification of mixtures are available, generally is carried out based on these data, b) in the absence of data (tests) for mixtures are generally used interpolation or extrapolation methods of assessing the risk, using the available data for mixtures similarly classified, and c) in the absence of tests and information which would allow to apply interpolation or extrapolation techniques, methods are used to classify risk assessment based on the data of the individual components in the mixture.

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2020/1182 (CLP):

DANGER: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 | Skin Irrit. 2:H315 | Eye Dam. 1:H318 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 | Asp. Tox. 1:H304 | Aquatic Chronic 2:H411 | EUH066

Danger class	Classification of the mixture		Cat.	Routes of exposure	Target organs	Effects
Physicochemical: human health:	Flam. Liq. 2:H225 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 Eye Dam. 1:H318 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 Asp. Tox. 1:H304 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411 EUH066	c) c) c) c) c) c)	Cat.2 Cat.2 Cat.1 Cat.3 Cat.1 Cat.2	Skin Eyes Inhalation Ingestion+Aspiration Skin	- Skin Eyes CNS Lungs - Skin	- Irritation Serious lesions Narcosis Dead - Dryness, Cracking
Environment:						

Full text of hazard statements mentioned is indicated in section 16.

Note: When in section 3 a range of percentages is used, the health and environmental hazards describe the effects of the highest concentration of each component, but below the maximum value.

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS:

H304 H315

H318

H336



This product is labelled with the signal word DANGER in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. $1272/2008 \sim 2020/1182$ (CLP)

Hazard statements:
H225 Highly flamm

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Precautionary statements:

P102-P405 P210

P280F

Keep out of reach of children. Store locked up.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory

protection.

P301+P310-P330+P331 İF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH)
In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 QUICK ACTIV GLASS CAR REPAIR SYSTEM Code: 5002-001108



P303+P361+P353-P352-P312

P305+P351+P338-P310

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P273-P391-P501a Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local regulations.

upplementary statements:

EUH208

Contains 3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane. May produce an allergic reaction.

Substances that contribute to classification:

Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics

Ethyl a cetate

Bis(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine 3-mercapto pro pyltrim eth oxysil ane

2.3 **OTHER HAZARDS:**

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture:

Other physicochemical hazards: Vapours may form with air a mixture potentially flammable or explosive. Other adverse human health effects: No other relevant adverse effects are known.

Other negative environmental effects: # Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 SUBSTANCES

Not applicable (mixture).

3.2 MIXTURES

This product is a mixture.

Chemical description:

Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics

INGREDIENTS:

80 < 90 %	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(CAS: 64742-49-0), List No. 927-510-4 REACH: 01-2119475515-33 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 Asp. Tox. 1:H304 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411
	7.5p. 1070 211150 1 7.4q.44.15 5111 5111 2

Autoclassified < REACH

10 < 15 % $\langle 0 \langle 1 \rangle$

Ethyl a cetate CAS: 141-78-6, EC: 205-500-4 REACH: 01-2119475103-46 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 |

Index No. 607-022-00-5 < REACH / ATP01

2.5 < 5%

Bis(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine CAS: 82985-35-1 , EC: 280-084-5 CLP: Danger: Eye Dam. 1:H318

REACH: 01-2119969956-12

Autoclassified < REACH

1 < 2 %

3-mercapto pro pylt rimeth oxysil ane

CAS: 4420-74-0', EC: 224-588-5 REACH: 01-2120763539-41 CLP: Warning: Acute Tox. (oral) 4:H302 | Skin Sens. 1B:H317 | Aquatic Chronic 2:H411

Autoclassified < REACH

<u>Impurities:</u>

 $\langle \rangle \langle \rangle$

Does not contain other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Stabilizers:

None

Reference to other sections:

For more information on hazardous ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVHC):

List updated by ECHA on 08/07/2021.

Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.





SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 **DESCRIPTION OF FIRST-AID MEASURES:**



Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Lifeguards should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid. It can be dangerous to the person giving artificial respiration by mouth-to-mouth (the kiss of life).

Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
Inhalation:	Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness.	Remove the patient out of the contaminated area into the fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stops, administer artificial respiration. If the person is unconscious, place in appropriate recovery position. Keep the patient warm and at rest until medical attention arrives.
Skin:	Skin contact causes redness and pain. Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.	Remove immediately contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners. In the case of skin reddening or rashes, contact a doctor immediately.
Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redness, pain and serious burns.	Remove contact lenses. Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids a part, until the irritation is reduced. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat, abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show container or label. Do not induce vomiting, due to the risk of aspiration. Keep the patient at rest.

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED: The main symptoms and effects are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11.1

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

Notes to physician: The product inhaled during vomiting could cause lung damage. Thus, emesis should not be induced, neither mechanically nor pharmacologically. In the case of ingestion, empty the stomach with caution. Antidotes and contraindications: Specific antidote not known. In the case of a pneumonia by chemical agents, must be considered a

therapy with antibiotics and corticosteroids.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

Extinguishing powder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also alcohol resistant foam and water spray/mist. Do not use for extinguishing: direct water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to extinguish the fire, since the fire may spread.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Fire can produce a dense black smoke. As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 **ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:**

Special protective equipment: Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or is not being used, combat fire from a sheltered position or from a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

her recommendations: Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opposition to the wind direction.

6.2 **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:**

Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Clean preferably with a biodegradable detergent. Keep the remains in a closed container.

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830



QUICK ACTIV GLASS



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REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS: 6.4

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1.

For information on safe handling, see section 7.

For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

For waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

General recommendations

Avoid any type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly closed.

Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:

Vapours are heavier than air, may spread along floors to a considerable distance, can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to reach distant ignition sources and flame up or explode. Due to its flammability, this material should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded and away from other heat or electrical sources. Switch mobile phones off and do not smoke. If this product is used in an industrial installation, the zones with risc of explosion should be marked. Use instruments, systems and protective equipment adequate to the classification of zones, according to the health and safety at work laws, in accordance with Directive 2016/34/EU and 99/92/EC. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. No tools with a potential for sparks should be used. Elaborate the document 'Protection against explosions'.

-4* °C 1.3* - 7.6* % Volume 25°C - Flash point

- Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits

Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:

Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Pay special attention to the cleaning water. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES 7.2

Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Avoid extreme humidity conditions. In order to avoid leakages, the containers, after use, should be closed carefully and placed in a vertical position. For more information, see section

Class of storage According to current legislation.

min: 5. °C, max: 35. °C (recommended). Temperature interval Incompatible materials:

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Type of packaging:

According to current legislation.

<u>Limit quantity (Seveso III):</u> Directive 2012/18/EU:
- Named dangerous substances/mixtures: None

- Hazard categories and lower-/upperthreshold quantities in tonnes (t):
- · Physical hazards: Highly flammable liquid and vapour (P5c) (5000t/50000t).
- · Health hazards: Not applicable
- Environmental hazards: Toxic to a quatic life with long lasting effects (E2) (200t/500t).
- · Other hazards: Not applicable.
- Threshold quantity for the application of lower-tier requirements: 200 tons
- Threshold quantity for the application of upper-tier requirements: 500 tons

The qualifying quantities set out above relate to each establishment. The quantities to be considered for the application of the relevant Articles are the maximum quantities which are present or are likely to be present at any one time. Dangerous substances present at an establishment only in quantities equal to or less than 2 % of the relevant qualifying quantity shall be ignored for the purposes of calculating the total quantity present, if their location within an establishment is such that it cannot act as an initiator of a major accident elsewhere at that establishment. For more details, see note 4 of Annex I of the Seveso Directive.

7.3 SPECIFIC END USES:

For the use of this product particular recommendations apart from that already indicated are not available.





SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 **CONTROL PARAMETERS:**

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (TLV)

AGCIH 2020	<u>Year</u>		ma /m 2	TLV-STEL	ma/m 2	Remarks
Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics Ethyl acetate	1976 1996	400. 400.	mg/m3 1640. 1440.	50 0.	mg/m3 2050.	

TLV - Threshold Limit Value, TWA - Time Weighted Average, STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

Not available

DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

Derived no-effect level, workers: - Systemic effects, acute and chronic: Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics Ethyl a cetate Bis (3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine 3-mercapto pro pyltrimethoxysil ane	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 s/r (a) 2085. (c) 1468. (a) 734. (c) 260. (a) 32.9 (c) s/r (a) 260. (c)	DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d s/r (a) 300. (c) s/r (a) 63.0 (c) - (a) 4.67 (c) s/r (a) - (c)	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c)
Derived no-effect level, workers: - Local effects, acute and chronic: Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics Ethyl acetate Bis(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine 3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 s/r (a) s/r (c) 1468. (a) 734. (c) 260. (a) 260. (c) s/r (a) - (c)	DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2 s/r (a) s/r (c) s/r (a) s/r (c) - (a) - (c) m/r (a) m/r (c)	DNEL Eyes mg/cm2 - (a) - (c) b/r (a) - (c) m/r (a) - (c) s/r (a) - (c)

<u>Derived no-effect level, general population:</u>

Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).

- (a) Acute, short-term exposure, (c) Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.
- (-) DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).
- \dot{s}/\dot{r} DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).
- b/r DNEL not derived (low hazard).
- m/r DNEL not derived (medium hazard).





PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):

Predicted no-effect concentration, aquatic organisms: - Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release: Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics Ethyl acetate Bis (3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine 3-mercapto pro pyltrimethoxysilane	PNEC Fresh water mg/l uvcb 0.260 0.0360 0.00530	PNEC Marine mg/I uvcb 0.0260 0.00360 0.000530	PNEC Intermittent mg/l uvcb 1.65 0.360 0.0530
- Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics Ethyl a cetate Bis (3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine 3-mercapto propyltrimethoxysilane	PNEC STP	PNEC Sediments	PNEC Sediments
	mg/l	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d
	uvcb	uvcb	uvcb
	650.	1.25	0.125
	27.0	0.140	0.0140
	2.60	0.0200	0.00200
Predicted no-effect concentration, terrestrial organisms: - Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics Ethyl acetate Bis(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine 3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane	PNEC Air	PNEC Soil	PNEC Oral
	mg/m3	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d
	uvcb	uvcb	uvcb
	-	0.240	200.
	s/r	0.00680	n/b
	s/r	0.000910	n/b

(-) - PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).

s/r - PNEC not derived (not identified hazard).

n/b - PNEC not derived (not bioaccumulative potential).

uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is not possible to identify a single PNEC representative for these substances, and therefore not used in calculations for risk

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

ENGINEERING MEASURES:











Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protection of respiratory system: Avoid the inhalation of vapours.

Protection of eyes and face: Install water taps, sources or eyewash bottles with clean water close to the working area.

Protection of hands and skin: It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin. Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Regulation (EU) No. 2016/425:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc..), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

<u>Mask:</u>

A-type filter mask (brown) for gases and vapours of organic compounds with a boiling point higher than 65°C (EN14387). Class 1: low capacity up to 1000 ppm, Class 2: medium capacity up to 5000 ppm, Class 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class must be selected depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accordance with the specifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does not work satisfactorily when the air contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less than 18% in volume. In presence of high concentrations of vapour, use independent breathing apparatus.





Safety goggles designed to protect against liquid splashes, with suitable lateral protection (EN166). Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.

Face shield:



No.



Gloves resistant against chemicals (EN374). When repeated or prolonged contact with the product is expected, gloves of protection level 5 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time of >240 min. When short contact with the product is expected, use gloves with a protection level 2 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time > 30 min. The breakthrough time of the selected glove material should be in accordance with the pretended period of use. There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier should be taken into account. Use the proper technique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid contact of the product with the skin. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degrådation is noted.

Boots:

No.

Apron:

No.





Relative air

Relative

CLP 2.6.4.3.

Relative water

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Clothing:

Advisable.

Thermal hazards

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

Spills on the soil: Prevent contamination of soil.

Spills in water: Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

Water Management Act: This product does not contain any substance included in the list of priority substances in the field of water policy under Directive 2000/60/EC~2013/39/EU.

Emissions to the atmosphere: Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

VOC (industrial installations): If this product is used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applicable the Directive 2010/75/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations: Solvents: 100.0% Weight, VOC (supply): 100.0% Weight, VOC: 78.2% C (expressed as carbon), Molecular weight (average): 110.1, Number C atoms (average): 7.2.

Liquid.

Colourless

Insoluble.

Not applicable

Characteristic.

Not applicable (non-aqueous media).

0.48 cps

-4* °C

1.3* - 7.6* % Volume 25°C

75. - 304^{*} °C at 760 mm Hg

3.57* at 20°C 1 atm. 0.72* at 20/4°C

0.23 mm2/s at 40°C

317.6* nBuAc=100 25°C

0.1 hPa at 20°C

28.6* kPa at 50°C

20°C

Not applicable (mixture).

Not applicable (mixture).

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Appearance - Physical state

- Colour - Odour

pH-value - pH

Change of state

- Melting point - Boiling interval

Density

 Vapour density Relative density <u>Stability</u>

Viscosity - Dynamic viscosity

 Kinematic viscosity Volatility: - Evaporation rate

Vapour pressure - Vapour pressure

Solubility(ies) Solubility in water: - Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Flam mability: Flash point

Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits Autoignition temperature

Explosive properties: Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source.

Not classified as oxidizing product.

9.2 OTHER INFORMATION:

Surface tension VOC (supply)VOC (supply)

21.4* din/cm at 20°C 100.0 % Weight

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1

Corrosivity to metals: It is not corrosive to metals. Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

*Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: 10.3

Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis, amines, peroxides.





CONDITIONS TO AVOID: 10.4

- Heat: Keep away from sources of heat.

- Light: If possiblé, avoid direct contact with sunlight.
- Air: The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.
- Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions.
- Pressure: Not relevant.
- Shock: The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to avoid dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations.

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: 10.6

As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2020/1182 (CLP).

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS: 11.1

ACUTE TOXICITY:

Dose and lethal concentrations for individual ingredients: Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics Ethyl acetate Bis(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine 3-mercapto pro pyltrimethoxysilane		LD50 (OECD 402) mg/kg bw cutaneous 2920. Rat 18000. Rabbit 11865. Rabbit 2172. Rabbit	LC50 (OECD 403) mg/m3·4h inhalation > 23300. Rat > 44000. Rat
Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE) for individual ingredients: 3-mercapto pro pyltrimethoxysilane	ATE mg/kg bw oral 741.	ATE mg/kg bw cutaneous	ATE mg/m3·4h inhalation

(*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed to be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results. (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure route are ignored.

No observed adverse effect level	NOAEL Oral	NOAEL Cuta neous	NOAEC Inhalation
	mg/kg bw/d	mg/kg bw/d	mg/m3
Bis (3-(tri methoxysi lyl) propy l) amine	> 1000. Rat		

Lowest observed adverse effect level

Not available

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Acute toxicity:

Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Inhalation: Not classified	ATE > 20000 mg/m3	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.
Skin: Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.
Eyes: Not classified	Not available	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).	GHS/CLP 1.2.5.
Ingestion: Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	

GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).





CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITISATION:

	<u> </u>			
Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Respiratory corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Skin	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes skin irritation.	GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Eyes	Cat.1	DAMAGE: Causes serious eye damage.	GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3.
Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Aspiration hazard:	Lungs (h)	Cat.1	HAZARD OF ASPIRATION: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Cutaneous:	RE	Skin	-	DEFATTENING: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	GHS/CLP 1.2.4.
Neurological:	SE	CNS	Cat.3	NARCOSIS: May cause drowsiness or dizziness if inhaled.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4.

GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

CMR EFFECTS:

<u>Carcinogenic effects:</u> It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity: It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction: Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

Effects via lactation: Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE:

Routes of exposure: May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

Short-term exposure: Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in

adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Very small amounts aspirated by the lungs may cause severe pulmonary damage, including death. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat and other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours.

Long-term or repeated exposure: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available.

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION:

<u>Dermal absorption:</u> Not available.

<u>Basic toxicokinetics:</u> Not available.





ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

If swallowed may cause nausea, vomiting, headache, giddiness, breathlessness, fatigue, stiffness in the legs, restlessness, confusion, buzzing in the ears, trembling, behaviour as if in a state of inebriation, drowsiness, coma and death. Effects on sight include blurred vision, diplopia (seeing double), changes in the perception of colours, restricted field of vision, and even complete blindness. Manifestation of signs and symptoms may occur up to 48 hours after the ingestion of methanol. Ingestion of moderate amounts of methanol also causes metabolic acidosis. The effects observed are partly due to acidosis and partly to cerebral oedema. In massive overdoses, damage to the liver, kidneys and cardiac muscle have been noted.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2020/1182 (CLP).

17 1	TOXICITY:
12.1	I TOXICITI.

Acute toxicity in aquatic environment for individual ingredients: Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics Ethyl acetate Bis(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine 3-mercapto pro pyltrim ethoxysilane	LC50 (OECD 203) mg/l·96hours > 13. Fishes 212. Fishes > 100. Fishes 439. Fishes		EC50 (OECD 201) mg/l·72hours > 10. Algae > 100. Algae > 36. Algae 732. Algae
No observed effect concentration Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics Bis (3-(tri methoxysi lyl)propy l)amine 3-mercapto pro pyltrim ethoxysilane	NOEC (OECD 210) mg/l·28days		NOEC (OECD 201) mg/l·72hours 8.3 Algae 72. Algae
Lowest observed effect concentration Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics	LOEC (OECD 210) mg/l·28days	LOEC (OECD 211) mg/l·21days 0.32 Daphnia	LOEC (OECD 201) mg/l·72hours

ASSESSMENT OF AQUATIC TOXICITY:

Aquatic toxicity	Cat.	Main hazards to the aquatic environment	Criteria
Acute aquatic toxicity: Not classified	-	Not classified as a hazardous product with acute toxicity to aquatic life (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3.
Chronic aquatic toxicity:	Cat.2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3: Classification of a mixture for acute hazards, based on summation of classified components.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4: Classification of a mixture for chronic (long term) hazards, based on summation of classified components.

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

Not available.

Aerobic biodegradation	DQO	%DBO/DQO	Biode gra dabi lity
for individual ingredients :	mgO2/g	5 days 14 days 28 days	
Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics	3513.		Easy
Ethyl a cetate	1540.	~ 62. ~ 69. ~ 94.	Easy
Bis (3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine		41.	Not easy
3-mercapto pro pyltrim eth oxysil ane	1490.	~ 42. ~ 51.	Not easy

Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from various bibliographic sources.

12.3 BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

Not available.

	log Pow	<u>BCF</u>	<u>Potential</u>
for individual ingredients :		L/kg	
Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics	4.70		Unlikely, low
Ethyl a cetate	0.730	3.2 (calculated)	Not bioaccumulative.
Bis (3 - (tri methoxysi lyl) propy l) amine	-4.00		Not bioaccumulative.
3-me rcapto pro pylt rim eth oxysil ane	-1.40	3.2 (calculated)	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL:

Not available.

Mobility	log Poc	Constant of Henry	<u>Potential</u>
for individual ingredients :		Pa·m3/mol 20°C	
Hydrocarbons C7 aliphatics	3.70		Unlikely, low
Ethyl acetate	1.26	14. (calculated)	Not bioaccumulative.
Bis (3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amine	0.440		Not bioaccumulative.
3-me rcapto pro pylt rim eth oxysil ane	0.300		Not bioaccumulative.
	I .	l .	

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QUICK ACTIV GLASS REPAIR Code: 5002-001108 12.5 RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT: Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006: Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria. 12.6 **OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:** Ozone depletion potential: Not available. Photochemical ozone creation potential: Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Endocrine disrupting potential: Not available.

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014:

Earth global warming potential: In case of fire or incineration liberates CO2.

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section

Disposal of empty containers: Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU:

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

Controlled incineration in special facilities for chemical waste, in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN NUMBER: 1206 14.1

14.2 UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

HEPTANES

TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES): 14.3

Transport by road (ADR 2021) and Transport by rail (RID 2021):

Class: - Packing group: ΙI - Classification code: - Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

- Transport category: 2, max. ADR 1.1.3.6. 333 L - Limited quantities: 1 L (see total exemptions ADR 3.4) - Transport document: Consignment paper.

- Instructions in writing: ADR 5.4.3.4

Transport by sea (IMDG 39-18):

Class: - Packing group: H Emergency Sheet (EmS): F-E,S-D - First Aid Guide (MFAG): 310 - Marine pollutant: Yes.

- Transport document: Shipping Bill of lading.

Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2021):

Class: - Packing group: Π

Air Bill of lading. - Transport document:

Transport by inland waterways (ADN):

Not available.

14.4 PACKING GROUP:

See section 14.3

14.5 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Classified as hazardous for the environment.

14.6 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER:

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

14.7 TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL 73/78 AND THE IBC CODE: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC: 15.1

The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet.













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Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use: See section 1.2

<u>Tactile warning of danger:</u> Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).

Child safety protection: Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).

OTHER REGULATIONS:

Responsabilidade ambiental:

A utilização deste produto em Portugal fica sujeita ao regime de responsabilidade ambiental previsto no DL.147/2008.

Control of the risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III): See section 7.2

Other local legislations:

The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.

15.2 CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT:

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:

Hazard statements according the Regulation (EU) No. 127 /1182 (CLP), Annex III:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EVALUATION OF THE INFORMATION ON THE DANGER OF MIXTURES: See sections 9.1, 11.1 and 12.1.

ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.

MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA

- · European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- · Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/
- · Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- · Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2018).
- · European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2021).
- · International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 39-18 (IMO, 2018).

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet:

- · REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
- · GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations.
- · CLP: European regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures.
- · EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
- · ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
- · CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- · UVCB: Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials.
- · SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
- · PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- · vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- · VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds.
- · DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
- · PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- · LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent.
- · LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.
- · UN: United Nations Organisation.
- · ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road.
- · RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangeous goods by rail.
- · IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- · IATA: International Air Transport Association
- · ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS

Safety Data Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830.

HISTORIC: Date of compilation: Version: 1 15/11/2021

The information of this Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product's properties.