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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER:

PU CORD PRIMER

Code: 2008-056290 UFI: JFVQ-N6JN-MR00-4CU3

1.2 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST:

Intended uses (main technical functions): [X] Industrial [X] Professional [] Consumers

Thinner for the application of paints and varnishes.

Sectors of use:

Professional uses (SU22).

Types of PCN use:

Paint removers, thinners and related auxiliaries.

Uses advised against:

This product is not recommended for any use or sector of use (industrial, professional or consumer) other than those previously listed as "Intended or identified uses".

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use, according to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Not restricted.

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET:

CAR REPAIR SYSTEM S.A.

Pol.Ind. 2 de Octubre, c/ José Muñoz 6 - 18320 Santa Fe - Granada ESPAÑA

Phone number: (+34) 95 8431792 - www.carrepairsystem.eu

- E-mail address of the person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet:

info@carrepairsystem.eu

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

(+34) 95 8431792 L-J 8:30-14 / 15-18 h. V 8:30-14:30 h.



National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) - In England, Wales or Scotland: dial 111 - In N Ireland: contact your local GP or pharmacist during normal hours.

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 #CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Classification of mixtures is carried out in accordance with the following principles: a) when data (tests) for the classification of mixtures are available, generally is carried out based on these data, b) in the absence of data (tests) for mixtures are generally used interpolation or extrapolation methods of assessing the risk, using the available data for mixtures similarly classified, and c) in the absence of tests and information which would allow to apply interpolation or extrapolation techniques, methods are used to classify risk assessment based on the data of the individual components in the mixture.

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP):

DANGER:Skin Irrit. 2:H315|Eye Irrit. 2:H319|Carc. 2:H351|Repr. 2:H361|STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336|STOT RE 2:H373|Asp. Tox. 1:H304

Danger class		Classification of the mixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Target organs	Effects
Physicochemical: Not classified						
Human health:	\$ \(1\)	Eye Irrit. 2:H319 c) ['] Carc. 2:H351 c) Repr. 2:H361 c) STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 c) STOT RE 2:H373 c)	Cat.2	Skin Eyes - Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Ingestion+Aspiration	Skin Eyes - Reproductive system CNS CNS Lungs	Irritation Irritation Cancer Foetus Narcosis Damage Dead
Environment: Not classified						

Full text of hazard statements mentioned is indicated in section 16.

Note: When in section 3 a range of percentages is used, the health and environmental hazards describe the effects of the highest concentration of each component, but below the maximum value.

2.2 #LABEL ELEMENTS:



This product is labelled with the signal word DANGER in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP)

#- Hazard statements:

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 Suspected of damage the unborn child if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- Precautionary statements:





REACH /

CLP00

REACH

RFACH

REACH / ATP01

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P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P280 Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P301+P310-P330+ P331

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353-IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. Wash with P352-P312 plenty of water and soap.. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P304+P340-P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if

you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. P305+P351+P338-

P310 Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Supplementary statements:

Substances that contribute to classification:

Toluene

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

n-butyl acetate Isobutylmethylketone

2.3 OTHER HAZARDS:

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture:

Other physicochemical hazards:

No other relevant adverse effects are known.

Other adverse human health effects:

Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.

Other negative environmental effects:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

Endocrine disrupting properties:

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCES: 3.1

Not applicable (mixture).

3.2 **MIXTURES**

This product is a mixture.

Chemical description:

Mixture of organic solvents.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Substances taking part in a percentage higher than the exemption limit:

30 < C < 40 %

Toluene

CAS: 108-88-3, EC: 203-625-9, REACH: 01-2119471310-51

CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 | Skin Irrit. 2:H315 | Repr. 2:H361 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 | STOT RE 2:H373 | Asp. Tox. 1:H304

10 < C < 15 %

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

CAS: 1330-20-7, EC: 215-535-7, REACH: 01-2119488216-32

CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 | Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 | Acute Tox. (skin) 4:H312 | Skin Irrit. 2:H315 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 | STOT

RE 2:H373 | Asp. Tox. 1:H304

5 < C < 10 %

n-butyl acetate

CAS: 123-86-4, EC: 204-658-1, REACH: 01-2119485493-29

CLP: Warning: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 | EUH066

2,5 < C < 5 %

Isobutylmethylketone

CAS: 108-10-1, EC: 203-550-1, REACH: 01-2119473980-30

CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 | Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319

| Carc. 2:H351 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 | EUH066

Impurities:

Does not contain other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Stabilizers:

None.

Reference to other sections:

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For more information on hazardous ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVHC):

List updated by ECHA on 17/01/2023.

Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None.





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PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES:



Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.Lifeguards should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid. It can be dangerous to the person giving artificial respiration by mouth-to-mouth (the kiss of life).

Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness.	Remove the patient out of the contaminated area into the fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stops, administer artificial respiration. If the person is unconscious, place in appropriate recovery position. Keep the patient warm and at rest until medical attention arrives.
Skin contact causes redness.Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.	Remove immediately contaminated clothing.Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser.
Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain.	Remove contact lenses.Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, until the irritation is reduced.Call a physician immediately.
, ,	Not applicable.
	Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness. Skin contact causes redness.Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness. Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat, abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and

4.2

The main symptoms and effects are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11.1

INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED: 4.3

Notes to physician:

The product inhaled during vomiting could cause lung damage. Thus, emesis should not be induced, neither mechanically nor pharmacologically. In the case of ingestion, empty the stomach with caution.

Antidotes and contraindications:

Specific antidote not known. In the case of a pneumonia by chemical agents, must be considered a therapy with antibiotics and corticosteroids

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:) 5.1

Extinguishing powder or CO2.

SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE: 5.2

As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS: 5.3

Special protective equipment:

Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or is not being used, combat fire from a sheltered position or from a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Other recommendations:

Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow firefighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.





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SECTIO	N 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
6.1	PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:
	Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opposition to the wind direction.
6.2	ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:
	Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil.In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3	METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:
	Contain and mop up spills with absorbent materials (sawdust, earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc). Keep the remains in a closed container.
6.4	REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:
	For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: 7.1

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

- General recommendations:

Avoid any type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly closed.

- Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:

Not applicable.

Flashpoint -9.999 °C CLP 2.6.4.3.

Autoignition temperature: -9 999 °C

Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits: 1.7* - 8.2* % Volume 25°C

Ventilation requirement: Not available.

- Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:

Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

- Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:

It is not considered a danger to the environment. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES: 7.2

Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from sources of heat. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Avoid extreme humidity conditions. In order to avoid leakages, the containers, after use, should be closed carefully and placed in a vertical position. For more information, see section 10.

- Class of store:

According to current legislation.

- Maximum storage period:

Not available.

- Temperature interval:

min:5 °C, max:30 °C (recommended).

- Incompatible materials:

Keep away from oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis, peroxides, reducing agents.

- Type of packaging:

According to current legislation.

- Limit quantity (Seveso III): Directive 2012/18/EU:

Not applicable (the classification criteria are not met).

SPECIFIC END USE(S): 7.3

For the use of this product particular recommendations apart from that already indicated are not available.





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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

- OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (WEL)

EH40/2005 WELs (United	Year	WEL-TWA		WEL-STEL		Remarks
Kingdom) 2018		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
Toluene	2007	20	75	-	-	BMGV, A4
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	1996	100	434	150	651	BMGV, A4
n-butyl acetate	2015	50	237	150	713	
Isobutylmethylketone	2010	20	82	75	307	BMGV, A3

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit, TWA - Time Weighted Average (8 hours), STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min).

BMGV - Biological monitoring guidance value. BMGVs are non-statutory and any biological monitoring undertaken in association with a guidance value needs to be conducted on a voluntary basis (ie with the fully informed consent of all concerned).

A3 - Carcinogenic in animals.

A4 - Non classified as carcinogenic in humans.

- BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

Biological monitoring can be a very useful complementary technique to air monitoring when air sampling techniques alone may not give a reliable indication of exposure. Biological monitoring is the measurement and assessment of hazardous substances or their metabolites in tissues, secretions, excreta or expired air, or any combination of these, in exposed workers. Measurements reflect absorption of a substance by all routes. Biological monitoring may be particularly useful in circumstances where there is likely to be significant skin absorption and/or gastrointestinal tract uptake following ingestion, where control of exposure depends on respiratory protective equipment, where there is a reasonably well-defined relationship between biological monitoring and effect, or where it gives information on accumulated dose and target organ body burden which is related to toxicity.

This preparation contains the following substances that have established a biological limit value:

-

- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, WORKERS:- Systemic effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	289 (a)	77 (c)	s/r (a) 180 (c)	- (a) - (c)
Toluene	384 (a)	192 (c)	s/r (a) 384 (c)	- (a) - (c)
Isobutylmethylketone	208 (a)	83 (c)	s/r (a) 11,8 (c)	- (a) - (c)
n-butyl acetate	960 (a)	480 (c)	11 (a) 11 (c)	- (a) - (c)
- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, WORKERS:- Local effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2	DNEL Eyes mg/cm2
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	289 (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	- (a) - (c)
Toluene	384 (a)	192 (c)	b/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) - (c)
Isobutylmethylketone	208 (a)	83 (c)	s/r (a) - (c)	b/r (a) - (c)
n-butyl acetate	960 (a)	480 (c)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) - (c)

- Derived no-effect level, general population:

Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).

- (a) Acute, short-term exposure, (c) Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.
- (-) DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).
- s/r DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).
- b/r DNEL not derived (low hazard).

- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):

- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION,	PNEC Fresh water	PNEC Marine	PNEC Intermittent
AQUATIC ORGANISMS:- Fresh water, marine	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
water and intermittent release:			
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	0.327	0.327	0.327
Toluene	0.68	0.68	0.68
Isobutylmethylketone	0.6	0.06	1.5
n-butyl acetate	0.18	0.018	0.36
- WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS (STP)	PNEC STP	PNEC Sediments	PNEC Sediments
AND SEDIMENTS IN FRESH- AND MARINE	mg/l	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d
WATER:			





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Xylene (mixture of isomers)	6.58	12.46	12.46
Toluene	13.61	16.39	16.39
Isobutylmethylketone	27.5	8.27	0.83
n-butyl acetate	35.6	0.981	0.0981
- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION,	PNEC Air	PNEC Soil	PNEC Oral
TERRESTRIAL ORGANISMS:- Air, soil and	mg/m3	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d
effects for predators and humans:			
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	-	2.31	-
Toluene	s/r	2.89	n/b
Isobutylmethylketone	s/r	1.3	n/b
n-butyl acetate	s/r	0.0903	n/b

- (-) PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).
- n/b PNEC not derived (not bioaccumulative potential).
- s/r PNEC not derived (not identified hazard).

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

ENGINEERING MEASURES:











Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

- Protection of respiratory system:

Avoid the inhalation of solvents.

- Protection of eyes and face:

It is recommended to install water taps, sources or eyewash bottles with clean water close to the working area.

- Protection of hands and skin:

It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin.Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: REGULATION (EU) NO. 2016/425:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc..), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

Mask:	Mask for gases and vapours of organic compounds (EN14387). Class 1: low capacity up to 1000 ppm, Class 2: medium capacity up to 5000 ppm, Class 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class must be selected depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accordance with the specifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does not work satisfactorily when the air contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less than 18% in volume. In presence of high concentrations of vapour, use independent breathing apparatus.
Safety goggles:	Safety goggles with suitable lateral protection (EN166).Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.
Face shield:	No.
Gloves:	Solvent-resistant gloves (EN374). There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier should be taken into account. Use the proper technique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid contact of the product with the skin. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.
Boots:	No.
Apron:	No.
Clothing:	Advisable.
- Thermal hazards:	

- Thermal hazards:

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

- Spills on the soil:

Prevent contamination of soil.

- Spills in water:

Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

-Water Management Act:





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This product does not contain any substance included in the list of priority substances in the field of water policy under Directive 2000/60/EC~2013/39/EU.

- Emissions to the atmosphere:

Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result, in special when it is used as a solvent. Avoid any solvent release into the atmosphere.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state: Gas
Colour: Colourless
Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: Not available (mixture).

Change of state

Melting point: Not available (mixture).

Initial boiling point:

Not applicable.

- Flammability:

Flashpoint -9.999 °C CLP 2.6.4.3.

Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits: 1,66 - 8,19 Autoignition temperature: -9,999 °C

Stability

Decomposition temperature: Not available (technical impossibility to obtain the

data).

pH-value

pH: Not applicable

Viscosity:

Dynamic viscosity: Not available. Kinematic viscosity: Not available.

Solubility(ies):

Solubility in water 0,3917531 g/l at 20°C

Liposolubility: Not applicable (inorganic product).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable (mixture).

- Volatility:

Evaporation rate: Not available (lack of data).

Density

Relative density: Not applicable.

Relative vapour density: Not available.

Particle characteristics

Particle size: Not available.

- Explosive properties:

Not available.

Oxidizing properties:

Not classified as oxidizing product.

*Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture.

9.2 OTHER INFORMATION:

Information regarding physical hazard classes

No additional information available.

Other security features:

Heat of combustion: 10491 Kcal/kg VOC (supply): Not available.

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.





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SECTIO	N 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY						
10.1	REACTIVITY:						
	- Corrosivity to metals:						
	It is not corrosive to metals.						
	- Pyrophorical properties:						
	It is not pyrophoric.						
10.2	CHEMICAL STABILITY:						
	Stable under recommended storage and hand	lling conditions.					
10.3	POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:						
	Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis, peroxides, reducing agents.						
10.4	CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	·					
	- Heat:						
	Keep away from sources of heat.						
	- Light:						
	If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.						
	- Air:						
	The product is not affected by exposure to air,	but should not be left the containers	open.				
	- Humidity:						
	Avoid extreme humidity conditions.						
	- Pressure:						
	Not relevant.						
	- Shock:						
	The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as	a recommendation of a general nature	e should be avoided humps a	ind rough handling to avoid			
	dents and breakage of packaging, especially						
10.5	INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:	, ,					
	Keep away from oxidizing agents, acids, alkal	is, peroxides, reducing agents.					
10.6	HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODU						
10.0	As consequence of thermal decomposition, ha		carbon monoxide				
ECTIO	N 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	реголистину и принимания					
LOTIO	No experimental toxicological data on the	proporation is available. The taxios	placiant algorification for the	aaa miytura haa haan			
	carried out by using the conventional calcu						
11.1	INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES			43 (OLI).			
11.1	ACUTE TOXICITY:	AC DEL INED IN NECOLATION (E	<u>.0) NO 127272000 .</u>				
	Dose and lethal concentrations	DL50 (OECD401)	DL50 (OECD402)	CL50 (OECD403			
	for individual ingredients:	mg/kg bw Oral	mg/kg bw Cutaneous	mg/m3·4h Inhalatio			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers)	4300 Rat	1700 Rabbit	> 22080 Ra			
	Toluene	> 5000 Rat	> 5000 Rabbit	> 384 Ra			
	Isobutylmethylketone	2080 Rat	> 20000 Rabbit	> 8200 Ra			
	n-butyl acetate	10768 Rat	17600 Rabbit	> 23400 Ra			
	Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)	ATE	ATE	ATE			
	for individual ingredients:	mg/kg bw Oral	mg/kg bw Cutaneous	mg/m3⋅4h Inhalatioi			
	for individual ingredients: Xylene (mixture of isomers)	mg/kg bw Oral	mg/kg bw Cutaneous *1700				
		mg/kg bw Oral					
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene	mg/kg bw Oral		11000 Vapours			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene Isobutylmethylketone	mg/kg bw Oral		11000 Vapours 11000 Vapours			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene Isobutylmethylketone n-butyl acetate		*1700 - - -	11000 Vapour 11000 Vapour 23400 Vapour			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene IsobutyImethyIketone n-butyI acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity correspondent	nding to the classification category (se	*1700 - - - ee GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). The	11000 Vapour 11000 Vapour 23400 Vapour ese values are designed to			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene Isobutylmethylketone n-butyl acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classis (-) - The components that are assumed to have	nding to the classification category (se	*1700 - - ee GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). The ponents and do not represen	11000 Vapour 11000 Vapour 23400 Vapour ese values are designed to t test results.			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene Isobutylmethylketone n-butyl acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classi	nding to the classification category (se	*1700 - - ee GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). The ponents and do not represen	11000 Vapour 11000 Vapour 23400 Vapour ese values are designed to t test results.			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene IsobutyImethyIketone n-butyI acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classi (-) - The components that are assumed to have are ignored.	nding to the classification category (se ification of a mixture based on its com re no acute toxicity at the upper thresh	*1700 - - ee GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). The ponents and do not represen old of category 4 for the corre	11000 Vapour: 11000 Vapour: 23400 Vapour: ese values are designed to t test results. esponding exposure route			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene Isobutylmethylketone n-butyl acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classis (-) - The components that are assumed to have	nding to the classification category (se ification of a mixture based on its com re no acute toxicity at the upper thresh	*1700	11000 Vapours 11000 Vapours 23400 Vapours ese values are designed to t test results. esponding exposure route NOAEC Inhalation			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene IsobutyImethyIketone n-butyI acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classi (-) - The components that are assumed to have are ignored. - No observed adverse effect level	nding to the classification category (se ification of a mixture based on its com re no acute toxicity at the upper thresh	*1700 - - ee GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). The ponents and do not represen old of category 4 for the corre	11000 Vapour: 11000 Vapour: 23400 Vapour: ese values are designed to t test results. esponding exposure route NOAEC Inhalation			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene IsobutyImethyIketone n-butyI acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classi (-) - The components that are assumed to have are ignored.	nding to the classification category (se ification of a mixture based on its com re no acute toxicity at the upper thresh	*1700	11000 Vapour: 11000 Vapour: 23400 Vapour: ese values are designed to t test results. esponding exposure route NOAEC Inhalation			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene IsobutyImethyIketone n-butyI acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classi (-) - The components that are assumed to have are ignored. - No observed adverse effect level	nding to the classification category (se ification of a mixture based on its com e no acute toxicity at the upper thresh NOAEL Oral mg/kg bw/d	*1700	11000 Vapour: 11000 Vapour: 23400 Vapour: 23400 Vapour: ese values are designed to t test results. esponding exposure route NOAEC Inhalation mg/m3			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene IsobutyImethylketone n-butyl acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classi (-) - The components that are assumed to have are ignored. - No observed adverse effect level Toluene	nding to the classification category (selfication of a mixture based on its combine no acute toxicity at the upper thresh	*1700	11000 Vapours 11000 Vapours 23400 Vapours ese values are designed to t test results. esponding exposure route NOAEC Inhalation mg/m3			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene Isobutylmethylketone n-butyl acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classis (-) - The components that are assumed to have are ignored. - No observed adverse effect level Toluene Isobutylmethylketone	nding to the classification category (seification of a mixture based on its come no acute toxicity at the upper thresh	*1700	11000 Vapours 11000 Vapours 23400 Vapours 23400 Vapours esse values are designed to t test results. esponding exposure route NOAEC Inhalatior mg/m3 1843 Ra			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene IsobutyImethylketone n-butyl acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classic (-) - The components that are assumed to have are ignored. - No observed adverse effect level Toluene IsobutyImethylketone - Lowest observed adverse effect level	nding to the classification category (selfication of a mixture based on its combine no acute toxicity at the upper thresh	*1700	t test results.			
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) Toluene Isobutylmethylketone n-butyl acetate (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponde used in the calculation of the ATE for classis (-) - The components that are assumed to have are ignored. - No observed adverse effect level Toluene Isobutylmethylketone	nding to the classification category (seification of a mixture based on its come no acute toxicity at the upper thresh	*1700	11000 Vapours 11000 Vapours 23400 Vapours 23400 Vapours ese values are designed to t test results. esponding exposure route NOAEC Inhalatior mg/m3 1843 Ra LOAEC Inhalatior			

Cat.

Main effects, acute and/or delayed

classification criteria are not met).

if inhaled (based on available data, the

Not classified as a product with acute toxicity GHS/CLP

Criteria

3.1.3.6.

Acute toxicity

ATE > 20000 mg/m3

Routes of exposure

Inhalation: Not classified





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 Skin: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg bw		Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	
Eyes: Not classified	Not available.		Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).	GHS/CLP 1.2.5.
 Ingestion: Not classified	3 3	available.	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.

GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITISATION:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
 Respiratory corrosion/irrita Not classified 	tion: -	-	irritant by inhalation (based on available data,	GHS/CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
- Skin corrosion/irritation:	Skin	Cat.2		GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3.
- Serious eye damage/irritat	ion: Eyes	Cat.2	,	GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3.
- Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified		-		GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
- Skin sensitisation: Not classified		-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

- ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Aspiration hazard:	Lungs	_	,	GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Effects SE/RE		Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria	
	- Neurological:	RE 🔷	CNS		NEUROTOXIC: May cause damage to central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4
	- Neurological:	SE (!)	CNS			GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4.

GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

CMR EFFECTS:

- Carcinogenic effects:
- # This preparation contains the following ingredients which can cause cancer: IsobutyImethylketone (Cat.2)
- Genotoxicity:

It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction:

Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

- Effects via lactation:

Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE:

Routes of exposure

May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

- Short-term exposure:





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May irritate the eyes and skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very small amounts aspirated by the lungs may cause severe pulmonary damage, including death.

- Long-term or repeated exposure:

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. May cause damage to central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION:

- Dermal absorption:

This preparation contains the following substances for which dermal absorption can be very high: Xylene (mixture of isomers), Toluene.

- Basic toxicokinetics:

Not available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Not available.

11.2 INFORMATION ON OTHER HAZARDS:

Endocrine disrupting properties:

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation.

Other information:

No additional information available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP).

12.1 TOXICITY:

- Acute toxicity in aquatic environment for individual ingredients	CL50 (OECD 203) mg/l·96hours	CE50 (OECD 202) mg/l·48hours	CE50 (OECD 201) mg/l·72hours
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	14 - Fishes	16 - Daphniae	10 - Algae
Toluene	5.5 - Fishes	3.8 - Daphniae	134 - Algae
Isobutylmethylketone	179 - Fishes	200 - Daphniae	146 - Algae
n-butyl acetate	18 - Fishes	44 - Daphniae	675 - Algae

- No observed effect concentration	NOEC (OECD 210)	(/	NOEC (OECD 201)
	mg/l ⋅ 28 days	mg/l ⋅ 21 days	mg/l · 72 hours
Toluene	1.4 - Fishes	0.74 - Daphniae	10 - Algae
Isobutylmethylketone		30 - Daphniae	146 - Algae
n-butyl acetate		23 - Daphniae	

- Lowest observed effect concentration

Not available

ASSESSMENT OF AQUATIC TOXICITY:

Aquatic toxicity	Cat.	Main hazards to the aquatic environment	Criteria
 Acute aquatic toxicity: Not classified 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3.
- Chronic aquatic toxicity:		Not classified as a dangerous product with chronic toxicity to aquatic life with long lasting effects (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3: Classification of a mixture for acute hazards, based on summation of classified components.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4: Classification of a mixture for chronic (long term) hazards, based on summation of classified components.

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

- Biodegradability:

Not readily biodegradable.

Aerobic biodegradation for individual ingredients	COD mgO2/g	%DBO/DQO 5 days 14 days 28 days	Biodegradabilidad
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	2620	52 81 88	Easy
Toluene	2520	69	Easy
Isobutylmethylketone	2716	76 - 83	Easy
n-butyl acetate	2204	80 82 83	Easy

Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from various bibliographic sources.

- Hydrolysis:

Not available.





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	- Photodegradability:							
	Not available.							
12.3	BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:							
İ	May bioaccumulate.							
	Bioaccumulation		logPow		BCF	Potential		
	for individual ingredier				L/kg			
	Xylene (mixture of isor	mers)	3.16	56.5	(calculated)	Low		
	Toluene		2.73	13	(calculated)	Unlikely, low		
	Isobutylmethylketone		1.19	3.5	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable		
	n-butyl acetate		1.81	6.9	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable		
12.4	MOBILITY IN SOIL:				<u> </u>			
	Not available							
İ	Mobility		log Poc		tant of Henry	Potential		
	for individual ingredier	nts		F	Pa·m3/mol 20°C			
	Xylene (mixture of isor	mers)	2,25	660	(calculated)	Low		
	Toluene		2,31	485	5 (calculated)	Unlikely, low		
	Isobutylmethylketone		1,8			No bioaccumulable		
	n-butyl acetate		1,84		5 (calculated)	No bioaccumulable		
12.5	RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT:(Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:)							
Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.								
12.6	ENDOCRINE DISRUF	PTING PROPERTIES:						
			docrine disrupting properties ider	tified or under	evaluation.			
12.7	OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:							
	- Ozone depletion potential:							
	Not available.							
	- Photochemical ozone creation potential:							

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Earth global warming potential: In case of fire or incineration liberates CO2.

Not available.

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014:

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Disposal of empty containers:Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU:

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

Controlled incineration in special facilities for chemical waste, in accordance with local regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.





Version: 3 Revision: 17/04/2023 Date of printing: 17/04/2023 SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION UN NUMBER OR ID NUMBER: Not applicable **UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:** 14.2 Not applicable 14.3 TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES): Transport by road (ADR 2021) and Transport by rail (RID 2021): No reglamented Transport by sea (IMDG 39-18): No reglamented Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2021): No reglamented Transport by inland waterways (ADN): No reglamented **PACKING GROUP:** 14.4 No reglamented 14.5 **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** Not applicable (not classified as hazardous for the environment). SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER: 14.6 Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation. MARITIME TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO IMO INSTRUMENTS: 14.7 Not applicable. SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Previous revision: 15/03/2023

SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE 15.1 The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet. Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use: See section 1.2 Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).

Child safety protection:

Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).

OTHER REGULATIONS:

Control of the risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III):

See section 7.2

Other local legislations:

The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.

15.2 CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT:

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.





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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:

Hazard statements according the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP), Annex III:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. H361 Suspected of damage the unborn child if inhaled. H373 May cause damage to central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Notes related to the identification, classification and labelling of the substances or mixtures:

Note C: Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.

EVALUATION OF THE INFORMATION ON THE DANGER OF MIXTURES:

See sections 9.1, 11.1 and 12.1.

ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.

MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- · European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- · Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/
- · Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2021).
- European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2021).
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 39-18 (IMO, 2018).

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS:

List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet:

- · REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
- · GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations.
- CLP: European regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures.
- · EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
- · ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
- · CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- UVCB: Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials.
- \cdot SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
- · PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- · vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds.
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- · LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.
- · LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent.
- UN: United Nations Organisation
- \cdot ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road.
- RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangeous goods by rail.
- · IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- · IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- · ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS:

Safety Data Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878.

 HISTORIC:
 REVISION:

 Version: 1
 09/12/2021

 Version: 2
 15/03/2023

 Version: 3
 17/04/2023

Changes since previous Safety Data Sheet:

Legislative, contextual, numerical, methodological and normative changes since the previous version of the present Safety Data Sheet are identified by #.

The information of this Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users" working conditions beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product"s properties.